CIA-RDP86-00513R001651820011-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

- 3030LEV, 4. 0. l.
- (000) ESSU
- 4. Technology
- 7. Assembling of electric equipment of transformer sub-stations of industrial enterprises, loskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po stroit. arkhit., 1952.

Soccier, in in.

KUZ'MICH, A.S., redaktor; BARABANOVA, F.A., redaktor; BOBROV, I.V., redaktor; VLADIMIRSKIY, V.V., redaktor; GRAFOV, L.Ye., redaktor; DOKUKIN, A.V., redaktor; YERASHKO, I.S., redaktor; ZABLODSKIY, G.P., redaktor; ZADE-MIDKO, A.N., redaktor; ZAYTSEV, A.P., redaktor; ZASADYCH, B.I., redaktor; KAGAN, F.Ya., redaktor; KRASNIKOVSKIY, G.V., redaktor; KRIVONOGOV, K.K., redaktor; LALAYANTS, A.M., redaktor; MELAMED, Z.M., redaktor; MINDELI, E.O., redaktor; MOGILEVSKIY, N.M., redaktor; OSTROVSKIY, S.B., redaktor; POPOV, T.T., redaktor; SKOCHINSKIY, A.A., redaktor; SKURAT, V.K., redaktor; SOBOLEV, G.G., redaktor; STUGAREV, A.S., redaktor; SUMCHENKO, V.A., redaktor; TERPIGOREV, A.M., redaktor; SHEVYAKOV, L.D., redaktor; SHELKOV, A.A., redaktor; ANDREYEV, G.G., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Safety regulations in coal and shale mines] Pravila bezopasnosti v ugol'nykh i slantsevykh shakhtakh. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1953. 226 p.

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Ministerstvo ugolinoy promyshlemnosti. (Goal mines and mining-Safety measures)

MAREVICH, Nadezhda Viktorovna; SOBOLEV, G.G., redaktor; GRISHAYENKO, M.I., redaktor; IL'INSKAYA, G. M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Spontaneous combustion of thick coal seams in the Prokop'ev deposit, Kuznetsk Basin] Samovosgoranie uglia moshchnykh plastov prokop'evskogo mestorozhdenija kuzbassa. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, (Kuznetsk Basin--Coal mines and mining) (Combustion, Spontaneous) 1955. 135 p.

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651820011-6" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

PUGACH, Isay Markovich; POLESIN, Yakov Lazarevich; SHUB, Yevsey Yefimovich; SOBOLEV, G.G., redaktor; GRICHAYENKO, M.I., redaktor; ALADOVA, Ye.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Mine rescuing and the prevention of mine accidents] Gornospasatel'noe delo i preduprezhdenie shakhtnykh avarii. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1955.

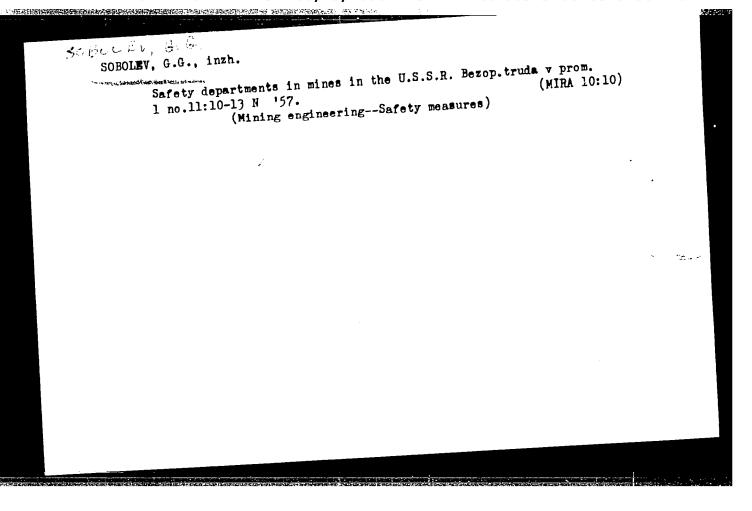
(Mine rescue work)

SOBOLEV, C.C., inzhener.

Fire prevention in coal mines. Bezop.truda v prom. 1 no.5:3-7
(MIRA 10:7)

157.

(Coal mines and mining--Fires and fire prevention)

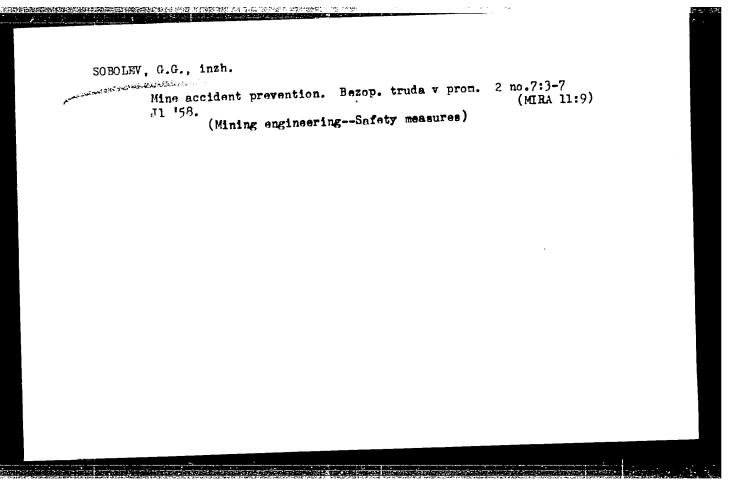


SOBOLEV, G.G., gorn. inzh.; MESHCHERYAKOV, Ya. M., gorn. inzh.[deceased],;
NIKOLAYEV, V.F., otv. red.; ALADOVA, Ye.I., tekhn. red.; LOMILINA,
L.N., tekhn. red.

[Tactics of regimented mine rescue units] Taktika voenizirovannykh gornospasatel'nykh chastei pri vedenii gornospasatel'nykh rabot v shakhtakh. [Moskva] Ugletekhizdat, 1958. 347 p. (MIRA 11:12)

(Mine rescue work)

(Coal mines and mining--Safety measures)



SOBOLEV G.G.; MIKHALENKOV, S.P., otv.red.; GRISHAYENKO, M.I., red.

izd-wa; SHKLYAR, S.Ya., tekhn.red.

[Mine reacue work] Gornospasatellnoe delo. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1959. 79 p.

(Mine reacue work)

(Mine reacue work)

SOBOLEV, Georgiyevich; SLAVOROSOV, A.Kh., red.izd-vs;
SHKLYAR, S.Is., tekhn.red.

[Organization of mine rescue work] Organizataiia gornospasatel'nykh robot. Izd.3., perer. i dop. Moskva, Uglespasatel, 1959. 269 p.

(Mine rescue work)

ABRAMOV, F.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; BALTAYTIS, V.Ya., inzh.;

BARON, L.I., doktor tekhn.nauk; BATALIN, S.A., dotsent, kand.

tekhn.nauk; BYKOV, L.N., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; VESELOVSKIY.

v.S., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; VIADIMIRSKIY, V.V., kand.tekhn.

voronina, L.D., kand.tekhn.nauk; voropayev, A.F., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk;

nauk; ZHUKOV, G.I.; KOMAROV, V.B., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk;

KRICHEVSKIY, R.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; KSENOFONTOVA, A.I., dotsent,

kand.tekhn.nauk; LIDIN, G.D., doktor tekhn.nauk; MILETICH, A.F.,

kand.tekhn.nauk; MUSTEL', P.I., dotsent, kand.tekhn.

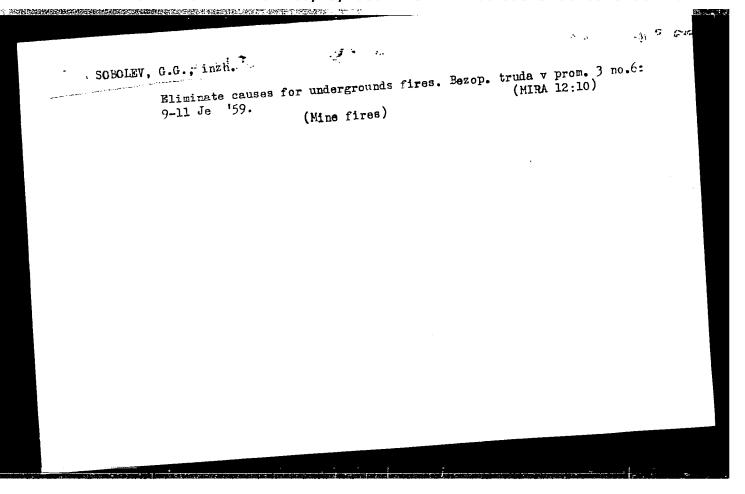
dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; OGIYEVSKIY, V.M., prof.,

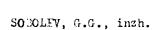
doktor tekhn.nauk [deceased]; POLESIN, Ya.L., inzh.; RIPP, M.G.,

dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; SOROLKV, G.G., inzh.; SOLOVYEV, P.M.,

inzh.; SUKHAREVSKIY, V.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; KHEYFITS, S.Ya., dotsent,

inzh.; SUKHAREVSKIY, V.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; KHEYFITS, S.Ya., dotsent,





Intensify the introduction of improved respirators. Bezop. truda v prom. 4 no.9:7-10 S '60. (MIRA 13:9)

(Respirators)

SOBOLEV, Georgiy Georgiyevich; POLESIN, Ya.L., otv. red.; RYKOVA, Z.L., red.; PRONINA, N.D., tekhn. red.

[Developing plans for preventing accidents in coal mines]Opyt razrabotki planov likvidatsii avarii dlia ugol'nykh shakht. Moskva, TSentr. in-t tekhn. informatsii ugol noi promyshl., 1962.

(MIRA 16:1) (Goal mines and mining-Safety measures) 62 p.

IZRAITEL', S.A., otv. red.; MOISEYEV, S.L., otv. red.; SKURAT, V.K., otv. red.; SLASTUNOV, V.G., otv. red.; ZAYTSEV, A.P., red.; POLESIN, Ya.L., red.; SKURAT, V.K., red.; SLASTUNOV, V.G., red.; SOROLEV, C.C., red.; FEOKTISTOV, A.T., red.; MIROSHNICHENKO, V.D., red. izd-va; BOLDYREVA, Z.A., tekhn. red.

[Unified safety rules for mining metalliferous, non-metallic, and placer deposits by the underground method] Edinye pravila bezopasnosti pri razrabotke rudnykh, nerudnykh i rossypnykh mestoopasnosti pri razrabotke rudnykh, Gosgortekhizdat, 1962. 253 p.
rozhdenii podzemnym sposobom. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1962. 253 p.

1. Russia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.)Gosudarstvennyy komitet po nadzoru za bezopasnym vedeniem rabot v promyshlennosti i gornomu nadzoru. (Mine safety)

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

YEGOROV, Valeriy Aleksandrovich; SOBOLEV, G.G., otv. red.; VINOGRADOVA, G.V., red. izd-va; MAKSIMOVA, V.V., tekhn. red.; LAVRENT YEVA, L.G., tekhn. red.

[Ways and means of preventing underground accidents] Sposoby i priemy likvidatsii podzemnykh avarii. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1963. 83 p. (Mine safety)

BOYKO, A.A., inzh.; DRUKOVANYY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; BABOKIN,
I.A., inzh.; ZAYTSEV, A.P., inzh.; POLESIN, Ya.L., inzh.;
SOBOLEV, G.G., inzh.; ZHUKOV, V.V., kard. tekhn. nauk;
TOPCHIYEV, A.V., prof.; VEDERNIKOV, V.I., kand. tekhn.
nauk; OKHRIMENKO, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; MELAMED, M.Z.,
kand.tekhn. nauk; KUZNETSOV, K.K., inzh.; RABINOVICH, I.A.;
YASNYY, V.K., inzh.; LIVSHITS, I.I., kand. tekhn. nauk,
rersenzent; BARANOV, A.I., inzh., retsenzent; LOMILINA,
L.N., tekhn. red.

[Brief handbook of a coal mining engineer] Kratkii spravochnik gornogo inzhenera ugol'noi shakhty. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdet, 1963. 639 p. (MIRA 17:3)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651820011-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

ACC NR: AR7000946

SOURCE CODE: UR/0275/66/000/011/A016/A016

AUTHOR: Sobolev, G. H.; Soboleva, A. V.

TITLE: Some specific features of the mechanism of changing the frequency by voltage in solid-plate magnetrons

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Elektronika i yeye primeneniye, Abs. 11A113

REF SOURCE: Sb. Vopr. elektron. sverkhvysok. chastot. Vyp. 2, Saratov, Saratovsk, un-t, 1966, 116-128

TOPIC TAGS: magnetron, electron energy, frequency change, solid plate magnetron

ABSTRACT: The tubes investigated differ in the design of the output terminal (O). The latter has the shape of a slot with a strip line in the glass version, or of a symmetrical crown in the metallic version. The following results were obtained: 1) in all the tubes, the dependence of frequency on voltage is of a linear nature. Frequency changes can be made within a wide range. Measurements with a matched load, yield oscillations of one made in tubes with pin type output terminals. Varia-

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UDC: 621, 385, 64

ACC NR. AR7000946

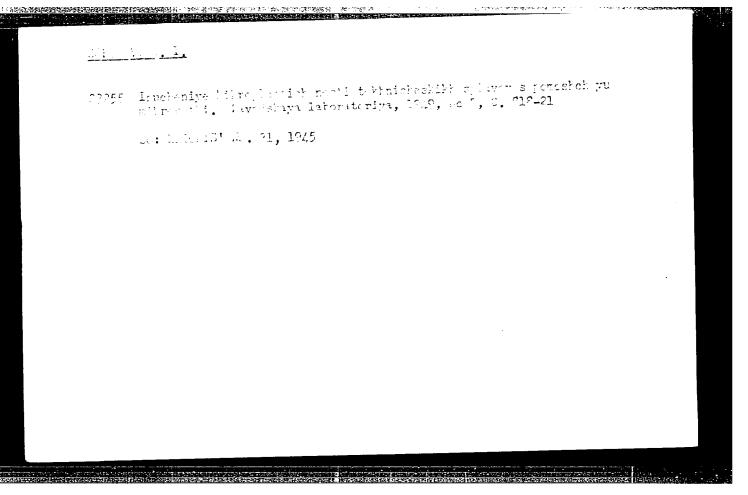
tions in cathode temperatures determine the instability of the oscillations observed. In pin type tubes, stable single-mode oscillations were obtained without filament adjustment by applying pulses. Tubes with slot output terminals always exhibited multifrequency. The frequency pulling is very slight using a mismatch load with a 5 to 7 VSWR in magnetrons with pin-type output terminals (less than 0.05-mc accuracy) or it does not exist at all. It is presumed that the oscillations obtained are basically purely internal electron oscillations of a single-mode "dioctron" type. The mechanism of oscillations is decisive in establishing the oscillations observed, which is substantiated by results of experiments carried out on open-loop-flow magnetrons. A bibliography of 8 titles is included. [Translation of abstract] [DW]

SUB CODE: -09/

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001651820011-6"

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BAYEVA, O.M.; SOBOLEV, G.I.

The second secon

Unit for simultaneous determination of the viscosity and electroconductivity of slags at high temperatures. Zav. (MIRA 18:3) lab. 31 no.1:125-126 '65.

1. Mauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metallurgii, Chelyabinsk.

SUBSLIV C.A

RAVICH.M.B.; KNORRE,G.F., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; SOBOLEV.G.K., redaktor; ALEKSEYEVA,T.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Simplified methods of computation in thermotechnics] Uproshchennaia metodika teplotekhnicheskikh raschetov. Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR, 1955. 218 p. (MLRA 9:2)

(Heat engineering)

```
(Power Institute, USSR Academy of Sciences, Mescow.)

"High Temperature Chidation and Burning of Carbon Monemide,"

paper submitted at the Seventh Intl. Symposium on Combustion - London and Onford, England, 28 Aug - 3 Sep '58.

C - 3,900,830, 25 July 1952.
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SOV/137 59 2 2324

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurg y 1 1050 Nr 2 p 13 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Sobolev G. K

TITLE: On Measuring of Combustion Temperatures of Air Mixtures of Cirbon

Monoxide and Methane by an Optical Method (Ob izmerenii temperatur goreniya vozdushnykh smesey okisi ugiereda i metana opticheskim

sposobom)

PERIODICAL: Visb : Issled proteessor governy Moscow AN SSSR 1958

pp 110 112

ABSTRACT: The measurements of the concentration of combustion products in the radial direction in horizontal planes close to the cone of a Bunsen burn

ner exhibit much irregularity. This indicates a probable nonuniformity of the temperatures in this direction. To measure the temperature of the central part of the cone of the burner finely dispersed NaCl solution was introduced into it and the temperature was measured by the method of the reflection of the spectral line D of the sodium. The burner had the shape of a pipe 10 mm in ciam and 1000 mm long. At the

distance of 600 mm from the nozzle exit section NaCl was introduced into the center of the jet through a thin tube with a 2 mm cuter diam

Card 1/2 and an 0 8 mm inner diam. The 1 2 m/sec relocity of the gas flow Lab. for Intensification of Furnace Processes, fower Inst AS USSR

SOV/137 59-2 2324

On Measuring of Combustion Temperatures of Air Mixtures of Carbon (con-)

ensured its laminar character. The accuracy of measurement was 30 40°C and was verified by calculation of the theoretical temperature according to the composition of the combustion products withdrawn from the respective region of the flame.

 $M \cdot M$.

Card 2/2

CHEKALIN, E.K.; SOBOLEV, C.K.

Pecularities of gas flow in laminar Bunsen flame. Inzh.-fiz.zhur.
no.4:72-75 Ap '58. (MIRA 11:7)

1.Energeticheskiy institut AN SSSR, g.Moskva.
(Flame)

SOBOLEV, G.K.

Investigation of high-temperature oxidation and burning of carbon monoxide. Inzh.-fiz.zhur. nc.5:34-45 My '58. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Energeticheskiy institut AN SSSR, g. Moskva. (Carbon monoxide) (Oxidation) (Combustion)

SOBOLEV, G. K., Candidate Tech Sci (diss) -- "High-temperature oxidation and combustion of carbon monoxide". Moscow, 1959, published by the Acad Sci USSR. 15 pp (Acad Sci USSR, Power Engineering Inst im G. M. Krzhizhanovskiy), 175 copies (KL, No 24, 1959, 141)

9/170/60/003/03/24/034 B014/B007

11,5000 AUTHOR :

Sobolev, G. K.

of Methane The Combustion

TITLE:

Inzhenerno-fizioheskiy zhurnal, 1960, Vol. 3, No. 3,

PERIODICAL;

TEXT: The author says that a great number of papers has been published on the important fuel methane, but that nevertheless the burning process is insufficiently known. Reference is made to the paper by G. A. Barskiy and Ya. B. Zelidovich (Ref. 1) in which the lean mixture CH_4 -02-N2 was inves-

tigated, Referring to the thermal diffusion theory for normal flame propagation, formula (4) for the standard component of the rate of flame propagation, formula (4) for the standard component of the rate of flame propagation, is derived. pagation is derived. By investigation the combustion reaction, formula (5):

is derived for the standard component of the flame velocity. Here $(0_2)_{\rm eff}$ is the effective concentration of oxygen in the reverse velocity. $u_n = const. \sqrt{(0_2)^4_{eff}}$ action zone. This formula holds for the assumption that the molar concen-

Card 1/2

The Combustion of Methane

S/170/60/003/03/24/034 B014/B007

tration of CH_4 in the combustion zone is constant. The change of the molar concentration of CH_4 made an investigation of the dependence of the reac-

tion rate on temperature necessary. It was shown in preparatory experiments that the temperature in the flame front differs from the normal combustion temperature only by 20-40°C. Instead of the maximum temperature, the measuring temperature in the central zone of the torch was therefore used in the calculations carried out here. In Fig. 1 the dependence of the flame height on the excess concentration of oxygen at a burning temperature of 2280°K is shown. Fig. 2 shows the dependence of the standard component of the velocity of the methane flame on the effective oxygen concentration in the reaction zone at various temperatures. Good agreement between the theoretical values may be observed. From the dependence of the combustion rate on the reciprocal temperature as shown in Fig. 3 conclusions are drawn as to an activation energy of the combustion process of E = 31,400 cal/mcl. There are 3 figures and 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Energeticheskiy institut im. G. M. Krzhizhanovskogo AN SSSR, g. Moskva (Institute of Power Engineering imeni

G. M. Krzhizhanovskiy of the AS USSR, City of Moscow)

Card 2/2

SOBOLEV, G.K., kand.tekhn.nauk [translator]; GOL'DENBERG, S.A.,

kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; SHRMANINA, V.N., red.; DOTSENKO, V.,
tekhn.red.

[Flames and chemical kinetics] Flamena i khimicheskaia
kinetika; sbornik statei. Moskwa, Izd-vo inostr.lit-ry, 1961.
352 p. Translated from the English. (MIRA 15:2)

(Flame) (Chemical reaction, Rate of)

THURSNEY, V.G., KOCHEULOV, V.D., KOZLOVSKIY, G.P.; GOBOLEV, G.K.

Efforts to control the freezing of one at the Sokolovka Sanbay Combine. Gor. zhur. no.5:74-75 My 465. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Obdeleniye Instituta gornogo dela Gosmetallurg-komiteta, g. Rudnyy (for Trutnev, Kocheulov). 2. Sokolovsko-Saruayskiy kompitat (for Kozlovskiy, Sobolev).

ACC NR:

AR7000945

SOURCE CODE: UR/0275/66/000/011/A016/A016

AUTHOR: Sobolev, G. L.

TITLE: The maximal speed for setting a constant potential in a magnetron

oscillator

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Elektronika i yeye primeneniye, Abs. 11A112

REF SOURCE: Sb. Vopr. elektron, sverkhvysok, chastot, Vyp. 2. Saratov, Saratovsk, un-t, 1966, 102-115

TOPIC TAGS: magnetron, electric potential, potential rise time, magnetron oscillator

ABSTRACT: The assumption that the maximal relative rise time of the constant plate potential is equal to the rate of setting an hf potential makes it possible to estimate the former provided the latter is known. The rise time of the hf potential is calculated under certain assumptions for synchronized and stabilized magnetrons. When the ratio of the synchronizing hf potential to the output potential is 5 · 10⁻², rise time increases more than tenfold as compared to the

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UDC: 621.385.64

115823-66 EWT(1) = JMAR6015965 ACC NRE

UR/0275/65/000/011/A020/A020 SOURCE CODE:

AUTHOR: Sobolev, G. L.

TITLE: Analysis of the frequency characteristics of a multicavity magnetron

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Elektronika i yeye primeneniye, Abs. 11A119

REF SOURCE: Sb. Vopr. elektron. sverkhvysok. chastot. Vyp. 1. Saratov. Saratovsk.

un-t, 1964, 57-67

TCPIC TAGS: magnetron, frequency characteristic, electron potential

ABSTRACT: A representation for the nature of averaged electron phase trajectories in a cylindrical magnetron is used as the basis for an approximate calculation of the frequency characteristics of the magnetron under conditions of voltage retuning at high rf-potentials. It is found that retuning transconductance depends on the rf-potential. In the case where the number of electrons entering the interaction space is limited, there is only a slight change in the rf-potential and transconductance is constant. These conditions comprise voltage retuning. In all other cases transconductance is changed by rf-potential and characterizes electron frequency shift. Frequency pulling due to a mismatched load at constant anode voltage also depends on the change in rf-potential. M. R. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 09

Card 1/1

UDC: 621.385.64

SOURCE CODE: UR/0109/66/011/005/0860/0869

AUTHOR: Bayburin, V. B.; Sobolev, G. L.

ORG: none

TITLE: Calculating space-charge fields in a plane-parallel magnetron 5

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 11, no. 5, 1966, 860-869

TOPIC TAGS: magnetron, space charge

ABSTRACT: An analytical solution is obtained for the space-charge field in a planeparallel magnetron; the solution takes into account the specified electron "spoke" (stream) shape and specified bounds and holds true for any point of the interaction space. The transverse component of the electric field of the "spoke" space charge is determined. Triagonal, multi-trapezoid, and arbitrary shapes of the "spoke" are examined. Two extreme cases of zero boundary potential are considered: (a) zero potential approaching infinity and (b) zero potential at the "spoke" boundary. An exact solution is developed for the "a" case and an approximate solution for the "b" case. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 42 formulas.

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 22Dec64 / ORIG REF: 004 / OTH REF: 004

1/1/11

UDC: 621.385.64.001.24:537.525.92

ZOLOTUKHIN, V.F.; SHCHEPILOV, P.S.; SCHOLEV, G.P.,

Fixed vibration screen with annular motion. Trudy KhPI 31 no.1:85(MIRA 13:10)
90 '59. (Vibrators)

SOROLEV, C.P.; MITSEV, Yu.S.

Effectiveness of using rotary grinders for grinding clayey
materials. Stek. i ker. 18 no.6:37-40 Je '61. (MIRA 14:7)
(Crinding machines)
(Clay)

IZYUMSKIY, V.P., inzh.; SOBOLEV, G.P.

Round vibrating screens with peripheric loading of materials and their design. Khim.mashinostr. no.2:5-8 Mr-Ap 163. (MIRA 16:4)

(Screens (Mining))

Effect of the parameters of a rotary-vibratory (gyratory) screen on the efficiency of its work. Stek. i ker. 20 no.6: (MIRA 16:6) 26-30 Je '63.

1. Khar kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni V.I. Lenina.
(Sieves)
(Ceramic industries—Equipment and supplies)

SOBOLEV, G.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; SKMOROKHOV, A.A., inzh.

Davice for the manufacture of feeler mechanisms. Stek. i ker.
(MIRA 18:5)
22 no.4:43-44 Ap '65.

1. Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (for Scholev).
2. Khar'kovskiy plitochryy zaved (for Skomerekhov).

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Alexarda, E.M., isoner Fadici, L.Ves, Edita tende, mank; J. Hallot, G.I., Kann.

(John Mank) Collision, G.A., Mark, J.H.Fle, h.P., insh.

(Sentialized mild in the grassing of clay materials. Stew. 1 Men.

(MIMA 1809)

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1028-9128, K.M. of School of
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SOBOLEV, G.V.

"Some Problems of the Maneuverability of a Ship." Cand Tech Sci, Leningrad Shipbuilding Inst, Leningrad, 1954. (KL, No 7, Feb 55)

SO: Sum. No. 631, 26 Aug 55 Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (14)

SOV/124-58-3-2927

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 3, p 54 (USSR)

Sobolev, G. V. AUTHOR:

On the Problem of the Motion Astern of a Ship (K voprosu o zadnem TITLE:

khode sudov)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Leningr. korablestroit. in-ta, 1954, Nr 14, pp 98-103

The paper first analyzes a solution, as suggested by M.G. Vidonov ABSTRACT: [Zadniy khod rechnykh sudov (Motion Astern of River Boats).

Rechizdat, 1951] of a problem relative to the stability of the motion astern of ships. It is pointed out that the referenced work is basically faulty, because it is founded on incorrect equations. The results of such work are worthless in practice. The author further discusses in detail the qualitative differences between stability in problems regarding motion ahead and astern; he rederives the differential equations of the motion, on the basis of which a stability criterion for a ship engaged in motion astern is obtained and recommendations are formulated for the improvement of this quality for specific

vessels.

Card 1/1

A. N. Shmyrev

SOV/124-58-1-694

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 1, p 86 (USSR)

Contribution to the Standardization of the Stability of Tugboats (K AUTHOR: voprosu o normirovanii ostoychivosti buksirov) TITLE: ~

PERIODICAL: Tr. Tsentr. n.-i. in-ta morsk. flota, 1956, Nr 7, pp 36-49

It is assumed that the process of a jerk in a towing hawser has the character of an accelerated motion. The author determines the ABSTRACT:

limiting jerking speed by setting up a differential equation for the motion of the tugboat and solving it by a numerical method. The results are adduced in the form of graphs for various initial conditions; they permit one to find an expression for the maximum angle of heel during a jerk. By equating that angle of heel to a value that would be dangerous from the point of view of flooding (or capsizing) an expression for the limiting jerking speed can be obtained. The formula obtained comprises entrained-mass coefficient terms, which must be determined by solving the problem of the flow about an

elliptical cylinder. The final formula for the limiting jerking speed contains a function which is dependent on the fastening point of the Card 1/2

SOV/124-58-1-694

Contribution to the Standardization of the Stability of Tugboats

towing hook. A graph of that function shows that the limiting speed increases with an increasing abscissa and a decreasing z-coordinate of the hook. The formula for the limiting jerking speed obtained with due consideration of the accelerations actually taking place during such a motion differs from those obtained earlier through its consideration of the weight of the hawser, its degree of tightness, and a quantitatively different relationship relative to the fastening point of the towing hook.

Ye. V. Sukacheva

Card 2/2

TROUGH, C.M., so of EMERICALLY, M.H.

TROUGH Entry Res. Inst.

"Application of the Results of Low-Aspect-Sation Wing Theory to the Colution of Jone Steering Problems, transcribed on Emphasize of Ship in a Jeaner, Ungeningen, Understande, C-10 Dec 57.

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651820011-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

Khlebnikova, V.V. Zykov, D.D., AUTHORS

32-8-48/61

Sobolev, G.V.

Heating Devices for Laboratory Rectification Columns. TITLE

(Sposob obogreva laboratornykh rektifikatsionnykh kolonn.)

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1957, Vol. 23, Nr 8, PERIODICAL

pp. 995-995 (USSR)

In order to obtain the most favorable a diabatic conditions in the heating plant of rectification columns a new heating ABSTRACT

system is suggested in this paper, which is characterized mainly by the fact that the principal column as well as its covering are made of the same material in order that equal linear expansion of both be attained. The device is described as follows: Its basic component is the boiler upon which the rectrification column rests. In the upper part of the column there is the column head with a condenser and an outlet pipe for fractions with a straight-way cock. The boiler receives its heat from the electric heating coil, which is wound round the main column. The outer encasing column also has a heating network. By automatically switching on the two heating systems alternatingly a uniform heating of the entire rectification

column is warranted, i.e. for the case that the interior

CARD 1/2

32-8-48/61

- Heating Devices for Laboratory Rectification Columns.

receives more heat by rising vapors in the interior, it simultaneously expands to a greater extent than the exterior encasing column. This fact itself causes switching on of the heating network in the external encasement column, and the switching off of the interior heating, so that the difference in temperature is soon equalized. This arrangement of the heating order in the rectification column was found

to be satisfactory. There is 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION:

Moscow Institute for the Construction of Machines Used in (Moskovskiy Institut khimicheskogo mashinostroyeniya).

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress.

CARD 2/2

Scherry Cal

32-2-39/60

AUTHORS:

Zykov, D. D., Lytkin, I. A., Sobolev, G. Y., Khlebnikova,

y. V.

AITLE:

A Device for Recording the Distillation Curve (Pribor dlya

zapisi krivoy razgonki)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1959, Vol. 24, Mr 2, pp. 222 - 223

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

An automatic device recording the boiling temperature and the amounts of distilled substance in rectification columns was developed (according to WFK) at the institute mentioned below. The distillate flows into a container, which is in equilibrium on beam scales with weights (from an automatic apparatus). The weight of the distillate causes a lowering of the beam, which short-circuits a contact and thus causes the claration of a relay, which again starts off an automatic device. A paper slip begins to move, which is adjusted according to temperature by a thermocouple, the temperature being recorded on the slip. A galvanometer records the curve until the appliance released at the same time for the balancing of the weight

Card 1/2

52-2-59/60

A Davice for Recurding the Distillation Curve

re-establishes equilibrium and thus releases the trip-up contact. A figure showing the apparatus and a distillation curve (NEK) is given. There are 2 figures, and 1 reference,

which is Slavic.

ASSCCIATION: Moscow Institute of Chemical Machine-Building

(Moskovskiy institut khimicheskogo mashinostroyeniya)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

1. Distilling plants-Equipment

Carl 2/2

SOV/179-59-5-6/41 Sobolev, G.V. and Fedyayevskiy, K.K. (Moscow, Leningrad) Application of the Theory of Wing Unf Small Aspect Ratio application of the Incorv of Ship Controllability Problems to the Solution of Ship Controllability Problems PERIODICAL; Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR; Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh 10.4000 AUTHORS: The basic problem in the analysis of controllability in TITLE: the steering of ships is the determination of forces arising on the ship's hull during its movement with an pp 27-33 (USSR) angle of drift and an angular velocity combined. No solution exists yet for the flow around a body taking part in such motion in a viscous liquid. Solutions part in such motion in a viscous liquid. Sulutions

exist for an ideal liquid. The only method for determining the forces on the hull is to solve a simplified ABSTRACT : the forces on the hull is to solve a simplified substitution problem wherein the hull is replaced by a wing of small aspect ratio moving at an incidence equal to the drift angle in the presence of an angular, to the urint anyte in the presence of an angula velocity varying along the length of the ship. Thus the velocity varying along the length of the ship.

of the wing is twice the draught of the ship. water surface is considered to act as a wall; which is water Surface is considered to act as a watt; which is below 0.2. true at moderate speed when the Froude Number is below 0.2. card 1/3

67588

sov/179-59-5-6/41

Application of the Theory of Wings of Small Aspect Ratio to the Solution of Ship Controllability Problems

The chord is the hull length along the water line. Typical aspect ratios are in the range of 0.03 to 0.15 . The hydrodynamic forces and moments are divided into those due to inertia, which appear in the ideal fluid theory, and those due to viscosity. The first type can be predicted with corrections due to the thickness of the profile. For the second type, account of thickness cannot yet be taken in an exact solution but a correction factor has already been introduced by the present authors in their previous work. The force and moment coefficients for the various components are formulated and it is shown that they are non-linear functions of the incidence and the angular velocity. The most convenient presentation is obtained when the force and moment coefficients are referred to the product of incidence and angular velocity. The steering controllability is derived by determining the radius of steady turning. One of the conclusions concerns the problem whether steady turning can be performed with a neutral rudder. In the light of the linear theory this is possible only in a dynamically

Card 2/3

67588

SOV/179-59-5-6/41

Application of the Theory of Wings of Small Aspect Ratio to the Solution of Ship Controllability Problems

而以内部的**用于的**是是不会的对话,并不是多数的一个人,并不是不是一个人,但是不是一个人,但是不是一个人,也是不是一个人,但是不是一个人,也是不是一个人,也是一个人

neutral ship. The well known property of dynamically unstable ships (by the linear theory) to enter with neutral rudder into a steady turn is entirely due to the nonlinearity of the hydrodynamic characteristics of the ship. There are 4 figures and 5 references, 2 of which are Soviet, 2 English and 1 German.

SUBMITTED: February 5, 1958

Card 3/3

SOBOLEV, G.V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Calculating the manueverability of ocean-going cargo ships.

Trudy TSNIHF 7 no.35:49-62 '61.

(Ship resistance)

FEDYAYEVSKIY, Konstantir Konstantinovich; SCBOLEV, Gennadiy
Vasil'yevich; BASIN, A.M., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk,
retsenzent; FIRSOV, G.A., doktor tekhn.nauk, nauchn.
red.; KUSKOVA, A.I., red.; SHISHKOVA, L.M., tekhn. red.

[Maneuverability of a ship] Upravliaemost' koroblia. Leningrad, Sudpromgiz, 1963. 374 p. (MIRA 16:8) (Hulls (Naval architecture)) (Stability of ships)

SOBOLEV. I. (Al'met'yovak, Tatarskaya ASSR)

Main problem is educational work. Pozh.delo 4 no.12:12 D '58.

(MIRA 11:12)

(Fire prevention--Study and teaching)

SOBOLEY, I.A., inzhener.

Center of progressive practices. Sudostroenie 23 no.1:54-58 Ja '57.

(MIRA 10:10)

(Electric engineering--Exhibitions)

SOBOLEV, I.A.,inzh.

Repairing d.c. propulsion motors and generators on the ship. Sudostroenie
(MIRA 13:10)
26 no.9:57-55 S'60.
(Ship propulsion, Electric) (Electric motors--Maintenance and repair)
(Electric generators--Maintenance and repair)

EWT(m)/EWG(m)/ETC(f)/EPF(n)-2 WW L 29006-66 SOURCE CODE: UR/0240/65/000/004/0079/0080 ACC NRI AP6018877 Sobolev, I. A. (Engineer); Khomchik, L. M. (Engineer) **AUTHOR:** ORG: none TITIE: Combined burial of solid and liquid radioactive wast SOURCE: Gigiyena i sanitariya, no. 4, 1965, 79-80 TOPIC TAGS: radioactive waste disposal, reinforced concrete, radioactive waste disposal equipment ABSTRACT: The authors point out the inefficiency and high cost of separate burial of liquid and solid radioactive waste in underground tanks. Liquid waste is buried in 200 cubic meter metal-lined concrete tanks, a very expensive method for disposal of $n \cdot 10^{-6}$ - $n \cdot 10^{-4}$ curies per liter. Solid waste is buried in 600 cubic meter reinforced concrete tanks, but 45-50% of the capacity is taken up by the air space between the solid objects. The authors propose making a cement solution with the liquid waste and then using this solution to fill the interstices between the objects of solid waste, thus forming a concrete monolith inside the disposal bunker. The cement silo and mixer are located directly over the tank, and liquid waste is piped directly from a tank truck into the mixer. In using this method the 600 cubic meter bunkers used for solid waste are sectioned into compartments with a capacity of 50-100 cubic meters. The method gives better protection against leakage and migration of radioactive substances, and it reduces the cost of storing liquid waste by 40-50%. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. [JPRS] SUB CODE: 18, 13 SUBM DATE: 04Feb64 5/

SOBOLEV, I.D.; SHTEYNBERG, D.S.

Boris Mikhailovich Romanov, 1893-1956; obituary. Mat.po geol.i pol.iskop.Urala no.6:3-12 '58. (mIRA 12:10)

(Romanov, Boris Mikhailovich, 1893-1956)

(Ural Mountains-Geology)

SOBOLEV, I.D.

Basic characteristics of the magmatic activity in the Urals. Biul.

MOIP.Otd.geol. 35 no.4:132-133 Jl-Ag 160. (MIRA 14:4)

(Ural Mountains—Magma)

SHTEYNBERG, D.S., otv. red.; IGUMNOV, A.N., red.; PLOTNIKOV, S.N., red.; SOBOLEV, I.D., red.; FAVORSKAYA, A.P., red. izd-va; SEREDKINA, N.F., tekhn. red.

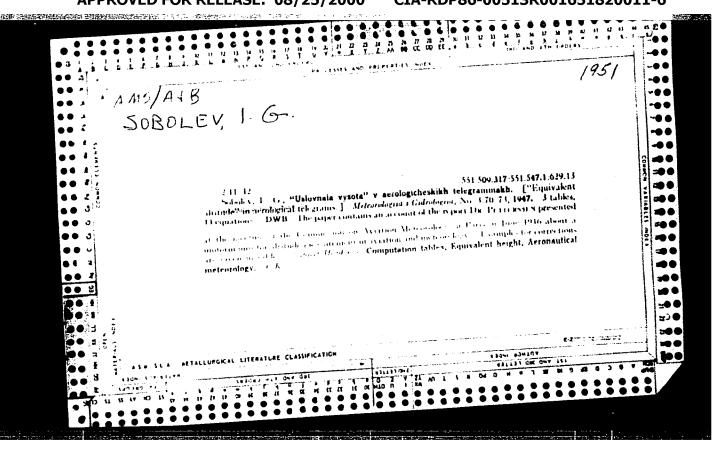
[Guidebook for the Sverdlowsk excursion] Putevoditel' Sverdlov-skoi ekskursii. Sverdlovsk, 1961. 135 p. (MIRA 14:8)

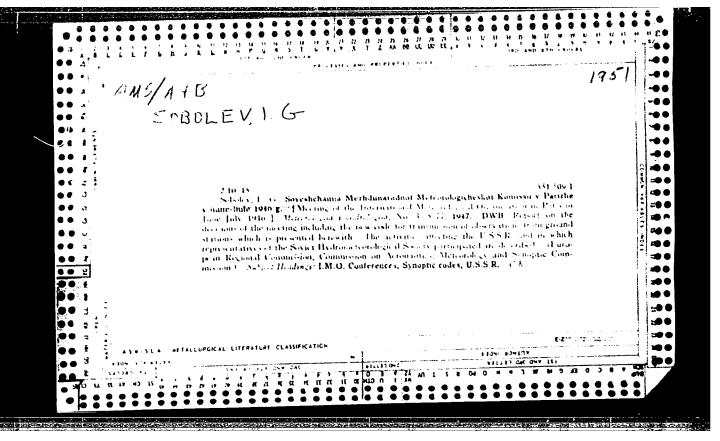
1. Ural'skoye petrograficheskoye soveshchaniye, 1st. (Sverdlovsk region—Geology—Field work)

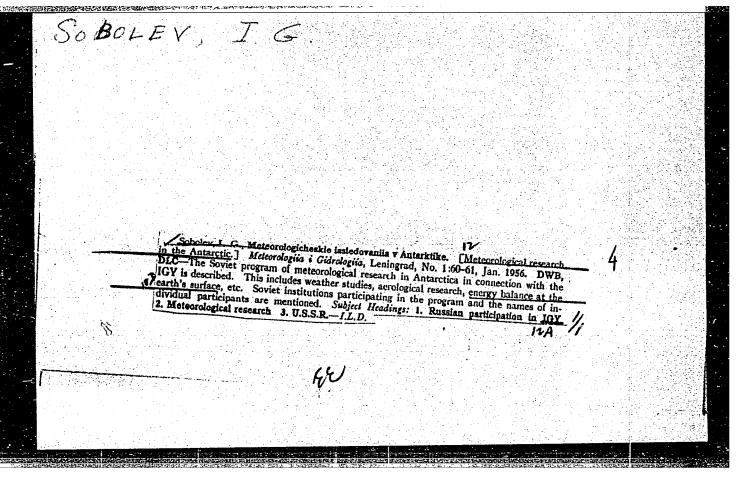
LIDER, T.T.: SIR/AJP, Y.A., Obv. rad.; MORRISHIN, K.V., rad.; TERMAKOV, N.P., rad.; KOHOL-KOV, A.A., rad.; ECHECALIKOV, K.Ye., rad.; NECHARE T.P.V., rad.; FOYARKOV, M.A., rad.; FURKIN, A.V., rad.; SOBOLEV, I.D., rad.; FARKHANEMEV, B.P., rad.

[Geology of the Northern Sos'ta brown coal basin.] Geologiia Savercasa'vinakega burougol'haga bassaina. Moakva, Madra, 1994. 1446. (Materially pe geologii i poleznym iskopaemym Urala, no.11)

(MIRA 18:4)







SOBOLEV, I.I. [deceased]; VOROBTSOV, V.I.; GORELIK. S.L., redaktor; BOBROVA, Ye.N., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Urological diseases requiring immediate surgery] Neotloshnaia khirurgicheskaia urologiia. Moskva. Gos. izd-vo meditsinskoy litry, 1954. 162 p. (MLRA 7:10) (Genitourinary organs--Diseases)

SOBOLEV, I.M.: SIMANKOV, G.M., otv. red.; KOVALEV, O.I., red.; KOGAN,
I.B., red.; LOVYAGIN, N.V., red.; NAZAROVA, N.W., red.;
GOL'DSHTEYN, L.Ye., red.; DURASOVA, V.M., tekhn.red.

[Guidebook to the city of Kuybyshev] Putevoditel' po gorodu
Kuibyshevu. Kuibyshev, Kuibyshevskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962.

319 p. (Kuybyshev--Guidebooks)

(Kuybyshev--Guidebooks)

SOBOLEV, I. N.

36210 Bor'ba s zanosami na lesovoznykh dorogakh. Les. prom-st', 1949, No. 11, S. 9

SC: Letopis'Zhrunal'nykh State*, No. 49, 1949

SOBOLEV, I.N., professor.

New apartment building on Sadovaia-Triumfal'naia Street. Gor. khoz. Mosk. 24 no.1:27-28 Ja '50. (MLRA 7:11)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii arkhitektury SSSR. (Moscow--Apartment houses) (Apartment houses--Moscow)

YEMEL'YANOV, V.S., otv.red.; BARDIN, I.P., red.; VINOGRADOV, A.P., red.;

COL'DANSKIY, V.I., red.; GULYAKIN, I.V., red.; DOLIN, P.I., red.;

YEFREMOV, D.V., red.; KRASIN, A.K., red.; LEBEDINSKIY, A.V., red.;

MINTS, A.L., red.; MURIN, A.N., red.; NIZE, V.E., red.; NOVIKOV,

I.I., red.; SEMENOV, V.F., red.; SOBOLEV, I.N., red.; BAKHAROVSKIY,

G.Ya.; nauchnyy red.; BERKOVICH, D.M., nauchnyy red.; DANOVSKIY,

N.F., nauchnyy red.; DELONE, N.N., nauchnyy red.; KON, M.A.,

nauchnyy red.; KOPYLOV, V.N., nauchnyy red.; MANDEL'TSVAYG, Yu.B.;

MILOVIDOV, B.M., nauchnyy red.; MOSTOVENKO, N.P., nauchnyy red.;

PREOBRAZHENSKAYA, Z.P., nauchnyy red.; RABINOVICH, A.M., nauchnyy red.; SIMKIN, S.M., nauchnyy red.; SKVORTSOV, I.M., nauchnyy red.; SYSOYEV, P.V., nauchnyy red.; SHORIN, N.A., nauchnyy red.;

SHREYBERG, G.L., nauchnyy red.; SHTEYNMAN, R.Ya., nauchnyy red.;

KOSTI, S.D., tekhn.red.

[Concise atomic energy encyclopedia] Kratkaia entsiklopediia
"Atomnaia energiia." [__Tables of isotopes (according to published data available at the beginning of 1958)] ___Tablitsa izotopov (po dannym, opublikovannym k nachalu 1958. 12 p. Gos. nauch. izd-vo "Bol'shaia sovetskaia entsiklopediia," 1958. 610 p. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Sotrudniki Bol'shoy Sovetskoy Intsiklopedii (for Bakharovskiy, Berkovich, Danovskiy, Delone, Kon, Kopylov, Mandel'tsvayg, Milovidov, Mostovenko, Murinov, Polyakov, Preobrazhenskaya, Rabinovich, Simkin, Skvortsov, Sysoyev, Shorin, Shreyberg, Shteynman).

(Atomic energy)

LEPP, R. [Lapp, Ralph E.]; RUBAL'SKIY, B.G. [translator]; ROGINKO, Yu.Ya. [translator]; SHVEYTSKR, A.D. [translator]; SOBOLEV, I.N., general-mayor, red.; DEYEV, M.N., red.; KHOMYAKOV, A.D., tekhn.red.

[Atoms and people] Atomy i liudi. Pod red. I.N.Soboleva. Moskva, Izd-vo inostr.lit-ry, 1959. 286 p. (MIRA 12:8)
(Atomic energy)

Scholks, 1.5.

Olirical aspects and treatment of trichinosis. Sev. met. 28 no.5:
(MERA 18:5)

1. Kafedra infektsionnykh toleaney (machal'nik - prof. F.A.
Alisov) Veyenno-meditainskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni Kirova,
Leninarad.

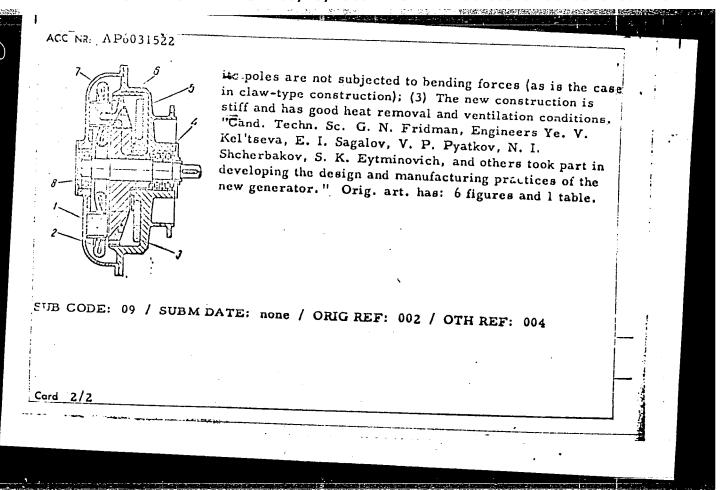
SOBOLEV, I. P.

Transthoracic abscessonecrectomy in tuberculous lesion of the thoracic segment of the spine. Khirurgiia 38 no.5:56-59 My 162. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz Krasnodarskogo krayevogo protivotuberkuleznogo dispansera (glavnyy vrach - zasluzhennyy vrach RSFSR A. I. Ukrainchenko)

(SPINE_TUBERCULOSIS) (CHEST_SURGERY)

TITLE: Disk-type brushless synchronous generator SOURCE: Elektrotekhnika, no. 9, 1966. 21-23 TOPIC TAGS: synchronous generator, electric machine, brushless generator, electric Generator's magnetic circuit ABSTRACT: A general description of a new design (Author's Certificate 169656, Bull. izobr., 1965, no. 7) of disk-type synchronous generator (see figure) is presented; the generator was developed at VNIIEM. This design is an improvement presented; the generator was developed at VNIIEM. This design is an improvement over a previous "externally-closed-magnetic-circuit" construction (VZP). Design over a previous "externally-closed-magnetic-circuit" construction (VZP). Design features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are	SOURCE CODE: UR/0292/66/000/009/0021/0023 UTHOR: Meyerovich, Ye. A. (Engineer); Palastin, L. M. (Candidate of technical ciences); Platonov, A. M. (Candidate of technical sciences); Popov, K. K. (Engineer); ciences); Platonov, A. M. (Candidate of technical sciences); Syzrantsev, V. I. (Engineer) erebryanik, L. B. (Engineer); Sobolev, I. S. (Engineer); Syzrantsev, V. I. (Engineer)	ク
SOURCE: Elektrotekhnika, no. 9, 1966, 21-23 TOPIC TAGS: synchronous generator, electric machine, brushless generator, magnetic electric machine, brushless generator, electric machine, b	DRG: none	
TOPIC TAGS: synchronous generator, electric machine, brushless generator, electric Generator, magnetic circuit ABSTRACT: A general description of a new design (Author's Certificate 169656, ABSTRACT: A general description of a new design (see figure) is Buil. izobr., 1965, no. 7) of disk-type synchronous generator (see figure) is Buil. izobr., legos, no. 7) of disk-type synchronous generator (see figure) is over a previous "externally-closed-magnetic-circuit" construction (VZP). Design over a previous "externally-closed-magnetic-circuit" construction (VZP). Design over a previous "externally-closed-magnetic-circuit" construction (VZP) of features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are features and some characteristics of both are compared. These conclusions are	TITLE: Disk-type brushless synchronous generator	1 1
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over a previous "externally-closed-magnetic-circuit" construction over a previous "external over a previou	ABSTRACT: A general description of a new design (Author's Certification) is	
brushless synchronous generators; (2) The new rotor has high incention brushless synchronous generators; (2) UDC: 621.313.322	presented; the generator presented; the generator closed magnetic circuit construction over a previous "externally closed magnetic circuit" construction over a previous "external construction over a previous "external construction over a previous construction	
UDC: 621.313.322	officred: (1) The new design has a smaller was officred: (1) The new rotor has high mechanical strength, brushless synchronous generators; (2) The new rotor has high mechanical strength,	



SOBOLEV, I.V. Eliminate violations of safety regulations in enterprises of the Al'met'evneft'. Bezop.truña v prom. 4 no.11:36 % '60. (HIRA 13:11) 1. Instruktor voyenizirovannoy pozharnoy chasti, g. Al'met'yevsk. (Al'met'evsk—Oil fields—Safety measures)

L 18029-66 FBD/EWT(1)/EEC(k)-2/T/EWP(k)/EWA(h) IJP(c) WG/WW/GG ACC NR: AP6007012 SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/66/020/002/0342/0344

AUTHOR: Cheremiskin, I. V.; Makeyev, V. S.; Sobolev, I. V.

ORG: none

TITLE: Experimental determination of the light amplification factor in a gas discharge

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 2, 1966, 342-344

TOPIC TAGS: gas discharge, gas laser, laser emission, helium neon laser

ABSTRACT: The authors study the coefficient of light amplification in a gas discharge using a source with a continuous emission spectrum for modulating the discharge and a receiver consisting of a spectroscope, a photomultiplier, and a synchronous detector. A brief description of the experimental equipment is given. The intensity of spontaneous emission on the line being studied was measured and used as the initial value for the signal reading. The light source was then switched on and amplified by population inversion in the discharge tube or attenuated in the absence of population inversion. For small amplification factors (or absorption coefficients) the change in the indicator readings is proportional to the amplification

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.375.9 : 534

13

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

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ACC NR: AP6007012

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factor (or absorption coefficient). The amplification factor was measured with an absolute error of approximately 0.4%. The measurements were made in a helium-neon gas discharge. The pressure in the discharge tube was held at approximately 3.5 mm High with a helium: neon partial pressure ratio of 8:1. The power of the high frequency discharge was approximately 250 w. The tabulated results indicate lines which may be used for laser emission. "In conclusion, the authors are grateful to L. N. Deryugin for interest in the work." Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 1 table. [14]

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 10May65/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 003/ ATD PRESS:

Card 2/2

SOBOLEV, I.V., aspirant

Effect of log barking on the fineness and precision of frame sawing.

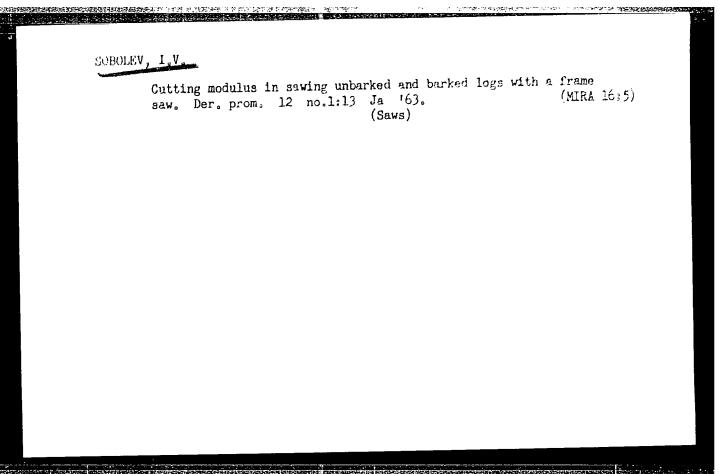
Nauch. trudy TSNIIMOD no.11:48-65 '61. (MIRA 17:9)

SOBOLEV, I.V.

Increase the volume of teliveries by means of saving debarked logs. Der.prom. 11 no.3:17-18 Mr 162. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Leningradskaya lesotekhnicheskaya akademiya im. S.M. Kirova.

(Lumbering)



SOBOLLV, I.V., kend. tekhn. nauk

Barking saw logs increases the durability of frame saws. Der.

prom. 13 no.S:3-4 Ag '64.

(MIRA 17:11)

1. Karel'skiy proyektnyy i nauchnc-issledovatel'skiy institut

lesnoy i derevoobrabatyvayushchey promyshlennosti.

USSR / Farm Animals. Honey Producing Bees.

U-11

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 72235

Author

: Sobolev, K.

Title

: The Breeding of Bees

Orig Pub

: Zemledelie i zhivotnovodstvo Moldavavii, 1956, No 10,43

Abstract

: In Kishinev, the Moldavian Government bee breeders in 1955, obtained 1,600 fertile queen bees and 207 "otvodkov". The native bees represented a mixture of the South Ukrainian with a considerable presence of the Italian bee's blood. Since 1950, the native bee was crossed with the grey mountainous and by selection as to the biological and economic factors, a new stable species of bees was obtained. These bees begin to work at the temperature of 7-8 degrees C, are active, do little swimming, are highly resistant to disease, peace-loving, and produce wet honey. The crossing with the Kabakhtapin bee proved to be unstable, particularly towards no sematosis.

Card

: 1/1

- 81 -

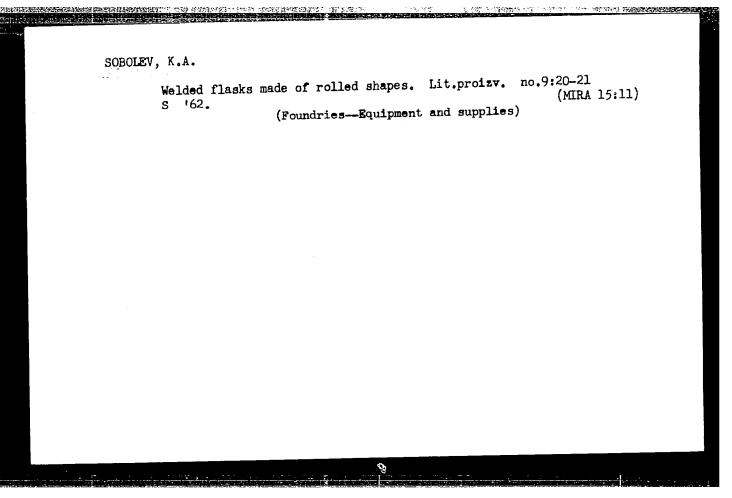
SOBOLEV, K.A. (deceased); FRIDIYAID; I.G.; SHEBALIN, O.D.

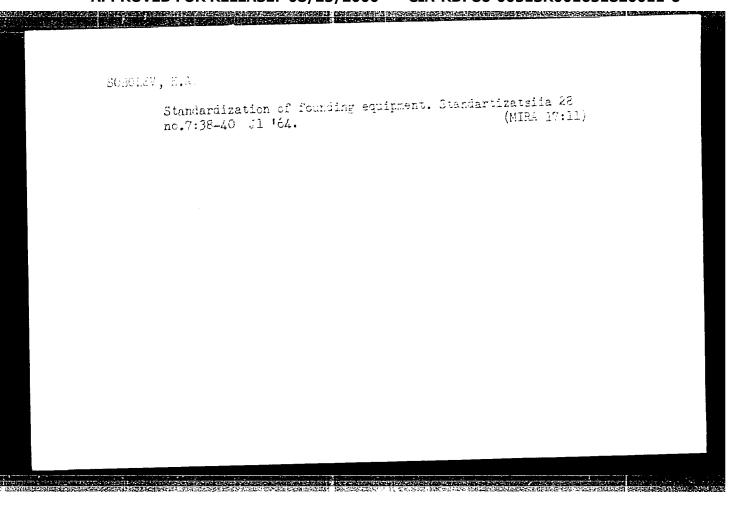
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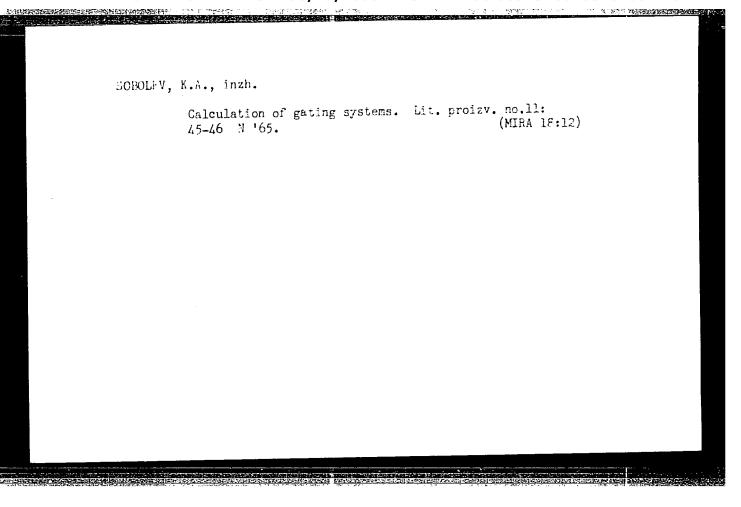
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(HEART FAILURE)

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(CONCESTIVE HEART FAILURE, aurgery, ligation of iliac veins, postop. x-ray kymc-graphy & heart volume changes (Rus))

(VEINS, ILIAC, surgery,

ligation in congestive heart failure, postop. x-ray kynography & heart volume (Rus))

(KYMOGRAPHY, in var. dis.

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tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsenzent; SOBOLEV, L.A., inzhener, retsenzent;
BUSHUYEV, N.M., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; SHABASHOV, A.P.,
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KURATOV, Aleksey Ivanovich; ALEKSEYEV, G.P., inzh., red.; BUSHUYEV, N.M., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; GUTMAN, I.M., inzh., red.; KUZ'MOV, N.T., inzh., red.; PICHAK, F.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; POLKAHOV, I.P., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; SOBOLEV, L.A., inzh., red.

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PLAKSIN, V.N., inzh., red.; SOBOLEV, L.A., inzh., red.;
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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001651820011-6"

ACC NR. AP6029959 EM/RM/WW/JD/HM SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/015/0145/0145 INVENTOR: Grishin, G. N.; Maksimov, V. P.; Sobolev, N. A.; Khammatov, V. K. ORG: none TITLE: A device for bonding honeycomb fillers to aircraft skin. Class 62, No. 184626 SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 15, 1966, 145 TOPIC TACS: adnesive bonding; honeycomb structure, aircraft industry automate complete fillers to aircraft skin. It consists of a housing with a cover, a recess comb fillers to aircraft skin. It consists of a housing with a cover, a recess for counting cemented parts, a hinge with a pin catch for festening parts, a hydraulic for mounting cemented parts, a hinge with a pin catch for festening parts, a hydraulic elevator, sleeves for carrying pressurized gas, and reduction valves. For higher efficiency this device is equipped with sealed-membrane compartments which hold pressurized gas and with an electric heater which, at the given time, polymerizes the glue. SUB CODE: 01, 13, /// SUBM DATE: 31May65	
Card 1/1/1/1/2. UDC: 629.135/138	

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